

## 2 Samuel

**D**avid's ascension to the throne and forty year reign over Israel and Judah are the focus of *2 Samuel*. David is an ardent follower of God, but demonstrates some truly human weaknesses. The good news is that, when David sins, he publicly acknowledges these sins and asks for God's forgiveness. Because of this faithfulness, God makes an eternal promise to David.

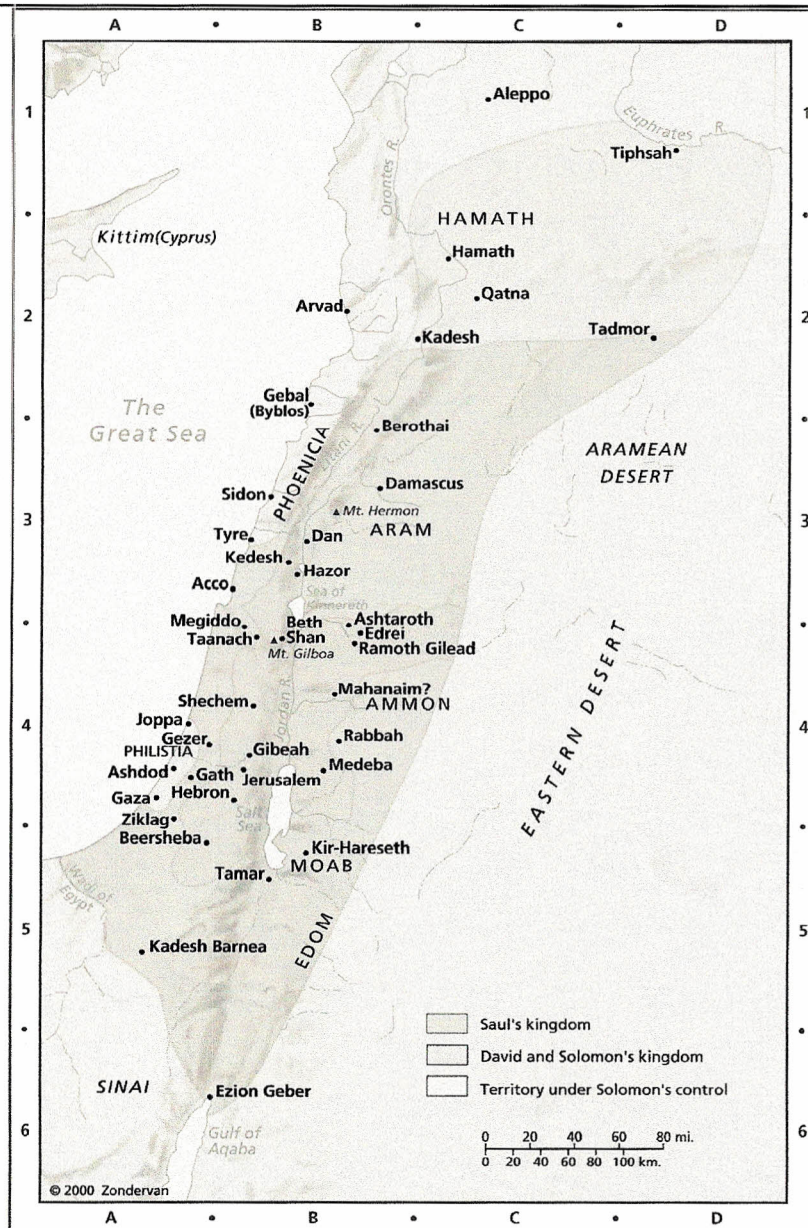
### LOOKING FORWARD TO JESUS

#### God's Promise to David

*The LORD declares that the LORD himself will establish a house for you... Your house and your kingdom will endure forever before me; your throne will be established forever.*

2 Samuel 7:11 b, 16

As we see in the New Testament, God fulfills this promise, by making Christ the King a descendant of David.



### Old Testament Timeline

BC	2000-1700	1700	1250	1210	1030
<b>Creation/Fall</b> Adam & Eve Noah	<b>Patriarchs</b> Abraham Isaac Jacob Joseph	<b>Israel in Egypt</b>	<b>The Exodus</b> Moses The Law	<b>Promised Land</b> Joshua Deborah Gideon Sampson	<b>United Kingdom</b> Samuel Saul David Solomon

David's Kingdom

PEOPLE

**Abigail** meets David after her husband Nabal unwisely refuses David's requests for assistance; marries David subsequent to Nabal's death **Abishai** one of David's Mighty Men; nephew of David, brother of Joab and Asahel **Abner** commander of Saul's army **Absalom** a son of David who fails in his attempt to succeed him **Amalekites** descendants of Esau who become enemies of Israel **Asahel** a nephew of David who is killed by Abner; brother of Joab and Abishai **Bathsheba** after committing adultery with David, Bathsheba becomes David's queen, the mother of Solomon, and the ancestor of Christ **Benjamite** descendant of Benjamin, the youngest of Jacob's sons; member of the tribe of Benjamin **David** slayer of Goliath and second king of Israel, David is flawed yet demonstrates a great heart for God; ancestor of Christ **Jebusites** ancient tribe that controlled Jebus (later Jerusalem) **Jesse** father of David; ancestor of Christ **Joab** commander of David's army; David's nephew; brother of Asahel and Abishai **Jonathan** son of Saul, best friend of David **Levites** descendants of the third son of Jacob; the priests of Israel **Michal** Saul's daughter, initially loves David, is given in marriage to David after he kills 200 Philistines **Nathan** a prophet in the court of both David and Solomon; he enlightens David regarding his sinfulness by telling the parable of the ewe lamb **Philistines** settlers in Canaan, the people of Philistia battle with Israel throughout the ages of the judges and kings **Saul** Israel's first king, he loses God's support by not following Him faithfully, then failing to repent **Samuel** prophet, priest, and Israel's last judge, Samuel anoints Saul and then David as king **Solomon** son of David and Bathsheba, successor to David, becomes wisest and richest man in the world **Uzzah** a man who God strikes dead for touching the ark of God without authorization

TERMS

**ark of God/ark of the covenant/ark of the Lord** a wooden chest containing the Ten Commandments **circumcision** spiritually: a symbol of the covenant between God and His chosen people; physically: cutting off a section of the excess skin at the top of a male's penis **concubine** a legally recognized but secondary wife; often the servant or slave of a wife **covenant** agreement between two parties **judge** leader; interpreter of laws **prophet** person who speaks as inspired by God **temple** principle place of worship for Jewish people

**Genealogy of Christ**



930	722	587	538	336	63 BC
<b>Divided Kingdom</b>	<b>Samaria</b>	<b>Jerusalem</b>	<b>Judeans return</b>	<b>Greek</b>	<b>Roman</b>
North: Ahab Elijah	South: Hezekiah Isaiah	falls to Assyria, scatters	falls to Babylon, exiled	rule	rule
			Esther Ezra Nehemiah		